

오픈 소스(Directory Server(LDAP))를 이용한 Identity관리

Enterprise LDAP Team

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01 발표자 소개 및 회사 소개



발표자 : 송상준

2000년부터 LDAP 디렉토리서버 구축 및 컨설팅 시작

삼성관련 Project

- 삼성SDS Openstack Project - LDAP구축&컨설팅
- 삼성전자 LDAP 계정통합 - 구축 및 기술지원
- 삼성전자 Mobile 부분 - LDAP관련 교육 지원

								
OpenLDAP Public License	MPL/LGPL/GPL		Proprietary	CDDL 1.0	CDDL 1.0	Proprietary	Apache License 2.0	
C	C		C	Java	Java	Java	Java	





2007년부터 2년마다 개최

- 개최는 대부분 유럽에서 함
- 2015년은 5번째 LDAPCON EDINBURCH에서 개최
- 대부분 오픈소스 디렉토리 관련된 내용

- DBIS: Directory-Based Information Services – Mark Bannister
- Samba4 with OpenLDAP backend – Nadezhda Ivanova
- Introducing a Security Access Control Engine that resides in OpenLDAP – Shawn McKinney
- The Open Source Identity Ecosystem – Shawn McKinney
- The OpenID Connect protocol – Clément Oudet
- LDAP Monitoring using open source – Sangjun Song
- Complete Open Source IAM Solution – Radovan Semanic
- Monitoring OpenLDAP – Michael Ströder
- Æ-DIR: Yet another LDAP user and systems management
– Michael Ströder
- An asynchronous meta backend for OpenLDAP – Nadezhda Ivanova
- Improvements of LDAP protocol and transaction protocol – Christian Hollstein
- Innovative replication management in FreeIPA – Ludwig Krispenz, Petr Vobornik
- WiredTiger Backend for OpenLDAP – HAMANO Tsukasa
- 2-factor Authentication with OpenLDAP, OATH-HOTP and Yubikey
– Axel Hoffmann

1. (LDAP) Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
2. X.500의 DAP에서 기원
3. TCP/IP 상에서 디렉터리 서버에 연결하여 데이터를 저장, 삭제, 수정, 검색을 할 수 있는 Protocol
4. LDAP 모델

Information Model

LDAP: Directory Information Models [RFC4512]
Describes the structure of information (Schema)

Naming Model

LDAP: String Representation of Distinguished Names [RFC4514]
How information is organized and referenced

Functional Model

LDAP: Directory Information Models [RFC4512]
What can be done with the information

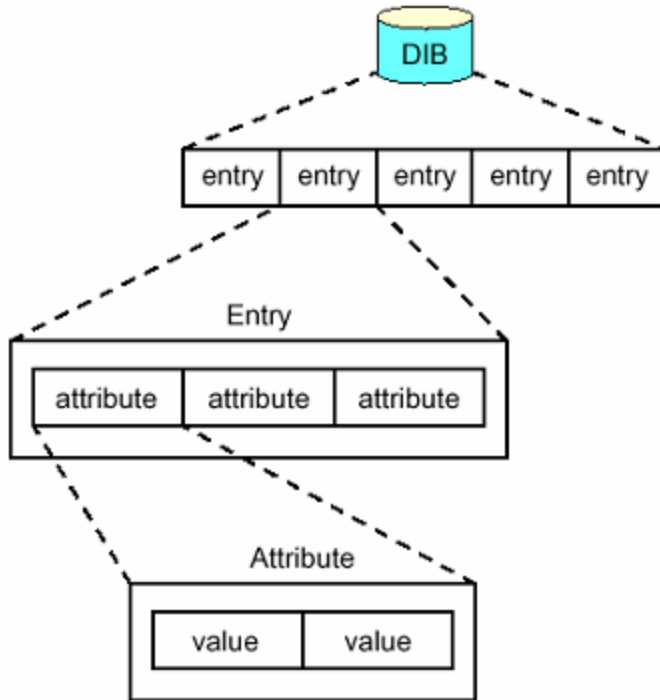
Security Model

LDAP: Authentication Methods and Security Mechanisms [RFC4513], ACL, PasswordPolicy

Information Model

Describes the structure of information (Schema)

디렉토리 저장소에 데이터를 어떠한 형태로 저장할 것인가를 정의하는 모델이다.



LDAP정보모델은 3가지의 기본 구성요소로 구성되어 있다.

논리적 데이터
1) ObjectClass
2) Attribute
3) Syntax

물리적 데이터
Entry
Attribute

스키마 구성 순서

Attribute (Syntax포함) → Objectclass

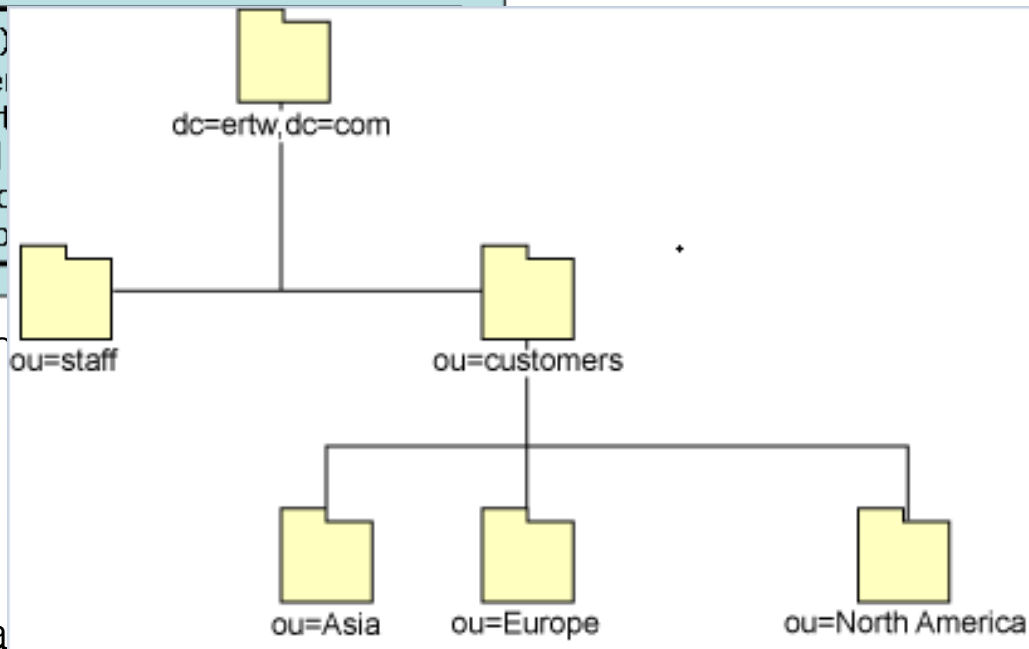
03 LDAP MODEL



Object : 직원(employee)
이름(name) : 홍길동 필수
나이(age) : 30

직위(job)
이메일(email)
부서(part)
부서장이
방번호(room)
층수(floor)

Attribute는 필수 와 옵션으로 구분
필수 값이 없으면 Entry가 생성되지 않음



 형식(Type)
 단일 값(Single value)
 다중 값(Multi value)

옵션 속성(Optional Attribute)

스키마

Attribute 선언 시 Syntax를 정의해 주어야 함

OpenLDAP 예제
olcObjectClasses: (
DESC 'RFC2256: a
SUP top STRUCTURAL
MUST (sn \$ cn)
MAY (userPassword \$ telephoneNumber
\$ seeAlso \$ description))

Naming Model

How information is organized and referenced

RDN (Relative Distinguished Name)

```
dn: uid=hacker,ou=People,dc=my-domain,dc=com
uid: hacker
cn: Sergio
sn: Hacker
objectClass: person
objectClass: top
# objectClass: organizationalRole
objectClass: organizationalPerson
objectClass: inetOrgPerson
objectClass: posixAccount
objectClass: shadowAccount
loginShell: /bin/bash
uidNumber: 1561
gidNumber: 10037
gecos: Undergrad
homeDirectory: /home/hacker
mail: info@matear.eu
telephoneNumber: 402-640-2560
o: UNL-City
ou: Arts & Sciences
l: Comp Sci
shadowLastChange: 14333
shadowMax: 99999
shadowWarning: 7
userPassword: OneTwo2012
```

RDN: 작성 방법

<rdn> ::= <rdncomp> | <rdncomp>

<rdn>

<rdncomp> ::= <attr> '=' <value>

<attr> ::= an LDAP attribute type (cn, dc, ...)

<value> ::= an LDAP attribute value

Functional Model

What can be done with the information

종류	연산자
인증(Authentication)	Open, Bind, Unbind
질의(Interrogation)	Search, Compare
수정(Update)	Add, Delete, Modify, ModifyRDN
기타	Abandon, Extended, Control

엔터프라이즈 레벨의 중앙 집중화된 계정 관리 오픈소스

DESIGNED

LINUX 시스템에 특화

SIMPLE

사용자, 그룹, 시스템, 서비스 관리 SIMPLE

REDUCE

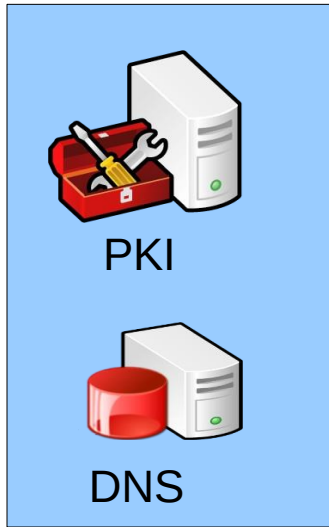
관리작업의 OVERHEAD 감소

STREAMLINE

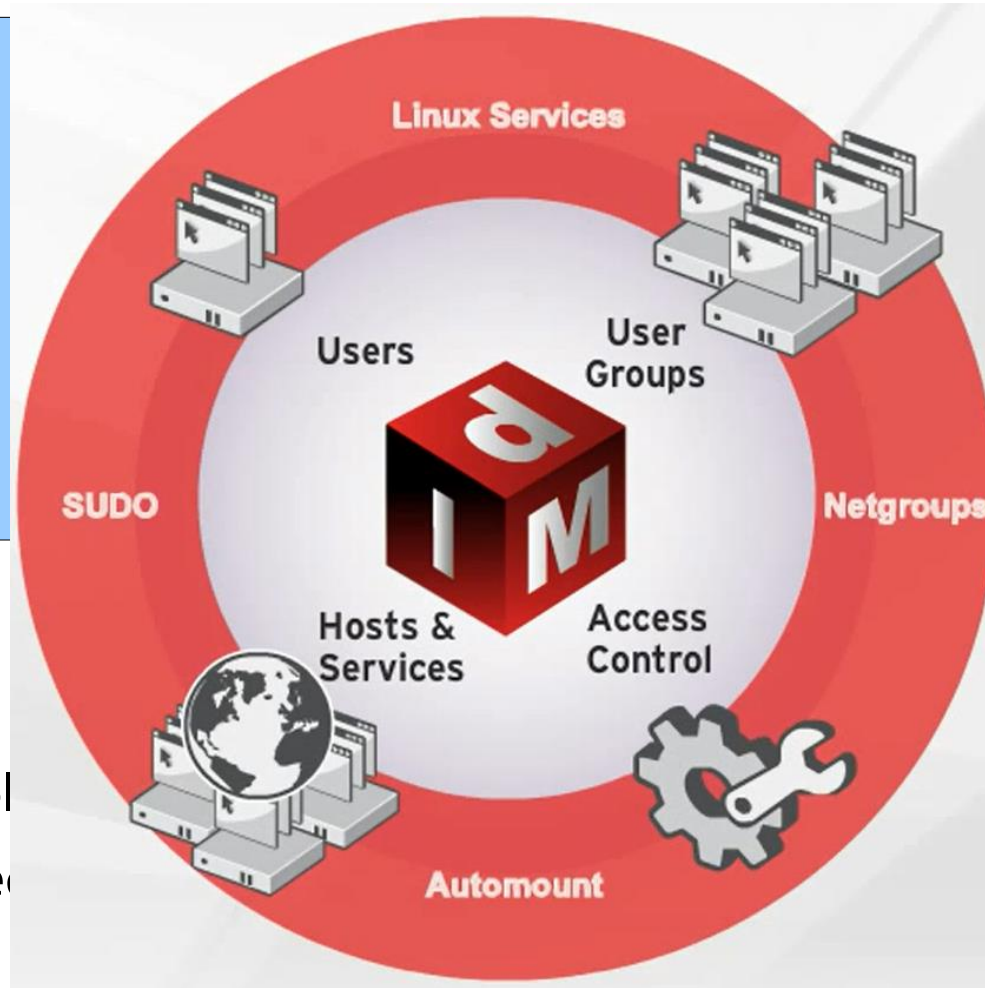
기존 IDM 솔루션의 provisioning의 부하 감소

IMPROVE

보안 부분 기능 향상 (HOST BASE ACCESS)



- Integrated
- Standard -
- Manageabl
- Open - Fre

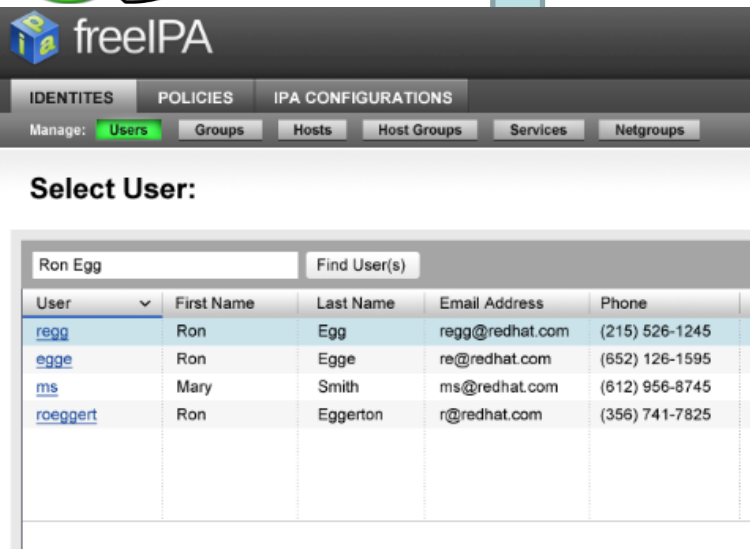


터페이스

05 LDAP 구축과정 vs FreeIPA 구축과정

일반적인 LDAP 계정관리 구축

LDAP 구축 및 설정



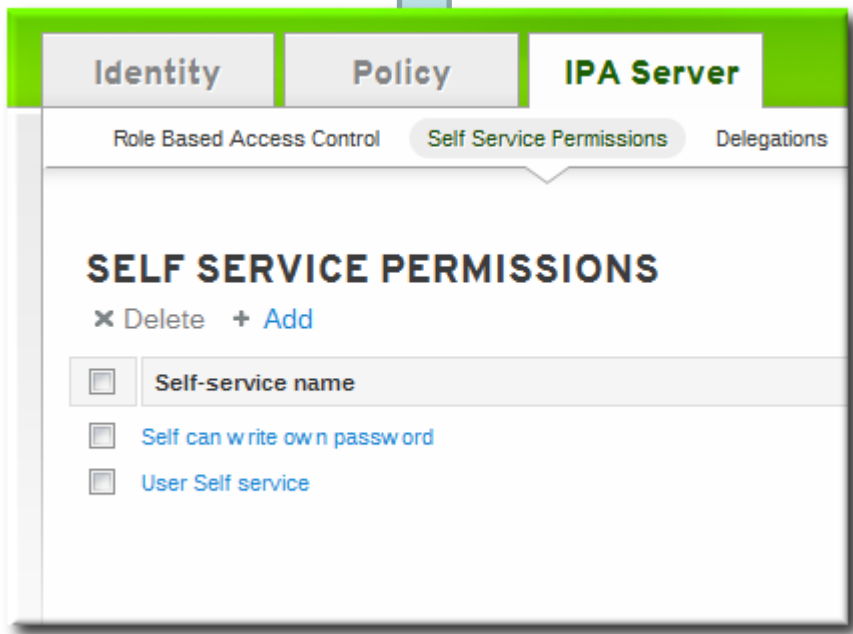
The screenshot shows the FreeIPA web interface. At the top, there's a 'freelPA' logo. Below it, a navigation bar has tabs for 'IDENTITIES', 'POLICIES', and 'IPA CONFIGURATIONS'. Under 'IDENTITIES', there are sub-tabs: 'Users', 'Groups', 'Hosts', 'Host Groups', 'Services', and 'Netgroups'. The 'Users' tab is selected. Below the navigation bar, it says 'Select User:'. There's a search box with 'Ron Egg' and a 'Find User(s)' button. Below that is a table of users.

User	First Name	Last Name	Email Address	Phone
regg	Ron	Egg	regg@redhat.com	(215) 526-1245
egge	Ron	Egge	re@redhat.com	(652) 126-1595
ms	Mary	Smith	ms@redhat.com	(612) 956-8745
roeggert	Ron	Eggerton	r@redhat.com	(356) 741-7825

CLI/GUI 툴 설치

FreeIPA 계정관리 구축

yum install freeipa-server



The screenshot shows the FreeIPA web interface with the 'IPA Server' tab selected. Below the navigation bar, there are tabs for 'Role Based Access Control', 'Self Service Permissions', and 'Delegations'. The 'Self Service Permissions' tab is selected. Below it, the title 'SELF SERVICE PERMISSIONS' is displayed, followed by 'x Delete + Add'. There are three checkboxes with labels: 'Self-service name', 'Self can write own password', and 'User Self service'.





Windows Client LOGIN

APACHE
HTTP SERVER



Kerberos LOGIN